### ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE

## THE CLERK'S OFFICE DOES NOT GIVE REFUNDS ON PACKET FEES OR FILING FEES.

### NO PERSONAL CHECKS. USE BLACK INK. NO WHITE OUT.

You MUST have all forms completed before turning in to Clerk.

The Clerk's office does NOT review your documents.

It is YOUR responsibility to ensure procedures are followed correctly as you are filing as a Self-Represented Litigant.

Please do not turn in instruction sheets or unsigned documents.

#### Required forms:

- Civil cover sheet
- Petition for Annulment of Marriage
- Notice of Related Cases
- Disclosure from a Non-Lawyer
- Notice of Limitations of Services Provided (one for each party)
- Notice of Social Security Number (one for each party)
- Financial Affidavit (one for each party)
- Answer & Waiver for Annulment of Marriage (to be signed by other party)
- Summons (Note: you only need this if your spouse will not sign the required paperwork)
- General Information for Self-Represented Litigants
- 14th Circuit Standing Family Law Pre-trial Court Order (complete, sign and must be served on other party)
- DOH Information Sheet

#### You will also need the following items:

- Copy of your Florida Driver's License or ID (or your spouse's Florida License or ID)
   Important: Look at your license and make sure the "issue date" is at least six months ago. If it is not, then you will need to ask the Clerk for an "Affidavit of Corroborating Witness" form.
- Six (6) regular business size envelopes with Stamps, but no writing on them.

#### INSTRUCTIONS:

- ./ Complete the required forms
- ./ Provide copies of the items listed above these instructions
- ./ Submit all of these documents to the Clerk with the forms and filing fee
- ./ Wait at least two weeks to hear from the Case Manager in the Family Law Court Staff office (separate from the Clerk's office). If you do not hear from the Case Manager within two weeks, please contact the case manager listed below either by telephone or by email.

<u>NOTE</u>: YOU, the petitioner, are responsible for serving the other party their required forms. The Clerk's office cannot assist you with serving papers or advise you on what you need to serve. The Clerk's office charges \$1.00 per page to print any filed document for you.

Note: Case Managers cannot help you complete the forms. Cary Godwin, Case Manager, 850-718-0480 or godwinc@jud14.flcourts.org (Calhoun, Holmes, Jackson and Washington Counties)

Filing Fees \$397.50 / Clerk Fee for Summons \$10 / Washington County Sheriff Summons Service Fee \$40

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.928, COVER SHEET FOR FAMILY COURT CASES (11/13)

#### When should this form be used?

The Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and the information contained in it neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other documents as required by law. This form shall be filed by the petitioner/party opening or reopening a case for the use of the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data pursuant to Florida Statutes section 25.075.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. The petitioner must <u>file</u> this cover sheet with the first pleading or motion filed to open or reopen a case in all domestic and juvenile cases.

#### What should I do next?

Follow these instructions for completing the form:

- I. Case Style. Enter the name of the court, the appropriate case number assigned at the time of filing of the original petition, the name of the judge assigned (if applicable), and the name (last, first, middle initial) of the petitioner(s) and respondent(s).
- II. Type of Action /Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are simultaneously filing more than one type of proceeding against the same opposing party, such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding, complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed.
  - (A) Initial Action/Petition
  - (B) Reopening Case. If you check "Reopening Case," indicate whether you are filing a modification or supplemental petition or an action for enforcement by placing a check beside the appropriate action/petition.
    - 1. Modification/Supplemental Petition
    - 2. Motion for Civil Contempt/ Enforcement
    - 3. Other All reopening actions not involving modification/supplemental petitions or petition enforcement.
- III. Type of Case. Place a check beside the appropriate case. If the case fits more than one category, select the most definitive. Definitions of the categories are provided below.
  - (A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage- petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.105.
  - (B) Dissolution of Marriage petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Chapter 61, Florida Statutes, other than simplified dissolution.
  - (C) Domestic Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against domestic violence pursuant to section 741.30, Florida Statutes.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (11/13)

- (D) Dating Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against dating violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (E) Repeat Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against repeat violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (F) Sexual Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against sexual violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (G) Stalking-all matters relating to injunctions for protection against stalking pursuant to section 784.0485, Florida Statutes
- (H) Support IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has been filed with the Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement under Title IV-D, Social Security Act, except for such matters relating to dissolution of marriage petitions (sections 409.2564, 409.2571, and 409.2597, Florida Statutes), paternity, or UIFSA.
- (I) Support-Non IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (J) UIFSA- IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (K) UIFSA Non IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (L) Other Family Court all matters involving time-sharing and/or parenting plans relating to minor child(ren), support unconnected with dissolution of marriage, annulment, delayed birth certificates pursuant to Florida Statutes section 382.0195, expedited affirmation of parental status pursuant to Florida Statutes section 742.16, termination of parental rights proceedings pursuant to Florida Statutes section 63.087, declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, post-marital agreements, or other matters not included in the categories above.
- (M) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 63, Florida Statutes, excluding any matters arising out of Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (N) Name Change all matters relating to name change, pursuant to section 68.07, Florida Statutes.
- (O) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity all matters relating to paternity pursuant to Chapter 742, Florida Statutes.
- (P) Juvenile Delinquency all matters relating to juvenile delinquency pursuant to Chapter 985, Florida Statutes.
- (Q) Petition for Dependency all matters relating to petitions for dependency.
- (R) Shelter Petition all matters relating to shelter petitions pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (S) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to termination of parental rights pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (T) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (U) CINS/FINS all matters relating to children in need of services (and families in need of services) pursuant to Chapter 984, Florida Statutes.

ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE. Sign the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Print legibly the name of the person signing the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Attorneys must include a Florida Bar number. Insert the date the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases is signed. Signature is a certification that filer has provided accurate information on the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases.

**Nonlawyer** Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see Rule 12.100, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

### **COVER SHEET FOR FAMILY COURT CASES**

I.	Case Style
	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.: Judge:
	Petitioner
	and
	Respondent
II.	Type of Action/Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are simultaneously filing more than one type of proceeding against the same opposing party, such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding, complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed. If you are reopening a case, choose one of the three options below it.
	(A) Initial Action/Petition (B) Reopening Case 1 Modification/Supplemental Petition 2 Motion for Civil Contempt/Enforcement 3 Other
III.	Type of Case. If the case fits more than one type of case, select the most definitive.
	(A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage (B) Dissolution of Marriage (C) Domestic Violence (D) Dating Violence (E) Repeat Violence (F) Sexual Violence
	<ul> <li>(G) Stalking</li> <li>(H) Support IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)</li> <li>(I) Support Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)</li> <li>(J) UIFSA IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)</li> <li>(K) UIFSA Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)</li> <li>(L) Other Family Court</li> <li>(M) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63</li> <li>(N) Name Change</li> </ul>

	(O) Paternity/Disestablishment of Pate	rnity
	(P) Juvenile Delinquency	
	(Q) Petition for Dependency	
	(R) Shelter Petition	
	(S) Termination of Parental Rights Aris	
	(T) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39	9
	(U) CINS/FINS	
IV.	Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requ	rires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Family
		l pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-
	· ·	court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being
	filed with this Cover Sheet for Family Court C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	No, to the best of my knowledge, no re	
	Yes, all related cases are listed on Fami	ly Law Form 12.900(h).
ΑΤ	TORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE	
	•	ovided in this cover sheet is accurate to the best
of r	ny knowledge and belief.	
Sigi	nature	FL Bar No.:
	Attorney or party	(Bar number, if attorney)
	<u> </u>	
	(Type or print name)	(E-mail Address(es))
	Date	
IE A	NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FO	ORM HE/SHE MUST BUT IN THE RIANKS
	OW: [fill in all blanks]	one, her one wood the live the beauty
	s form was prepared for the: {choose only one	e) ( ) Petitioner ( ) Respondent
	• •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	s form was completed with the assistance of:	
	s form was completed with the assistance of:  ame of individual	,
-	s form was completed with the assistance of:  ime of individual}  me of business}	
(na	me of individual}	

IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA IN RE: THE MARRIAGE OF Petitioner. Case No. and Division: Respondent. PETITION FOR ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE Petitioner, \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_, petitions for an annulment of the marriage between the Petitioner and Respondent, and states as follows: Petitioner is a resident of Florida and Respondent is a resident of 2. Both parties are over the age of eighteen. Petitioner and Respondent were purportedly married to each other in a ceremony performed in 4. (Select one of the following that applies to your circumstances) ( ) Petitioner and Respondent separated immediately after the ceremony and never lived together as husband and wife or consummated the purported marriage in any manner. ) Petitioner and Respondent lived together as husband and wife until the Petitioner discovered the matters set forth below, at which time the Petitioner separated from the Respondent and has lived separate and apart ever since. 5. (Select one of the following that applies to your circumstances) ( ) The purported marriage is invalid due to the fact that the Petitioner discovered that the Respondent had concealed his/her true identity from the Petitioner before and after the parties' marriage. ( ) The purported marriage is invalid because the Respondent was legally married to a third party at the time the Petitioner and Respondent were married to each other in the above referenced ceremony.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FOURTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

			use the Respondent has stated that he/she will not honor the marriage vows			
		( )				
	6.	No children were born of the purported mar	riage.			
	7.	The petitioner is not pregnant.				
	8.	There are no marital assets or marital debts	to be divided.			
For the	se r	reasons, Petitioner requests that:				
	A.	A. The purported marriage between the petitioner and the respondent be declared null a void and that a final judgment of annulment be entered in this cause.				
,	В.	. The Petitioner's name restored to				
	c.	C. The Court grant other and further relief as deemed proper and just.				
l under petitio imprise	n ar	and that the punishment for knowingly makin	h to the truthfulness of the claims made in this g a false statement includes fines and/or			
Dated:						
Daica.			re of Petitioner			
		Printed	Name:			
			s:			
		City, St	ate, Zip:			
			one Number:			
		Fax Nu	mber:			
		Email A	Address:			

COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me or	nby
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or deputy clerk.]
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THE all blanks]	S FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in
I, (full legal name and trade name of nonlaw)	ver}
a nonlawyer, located at {street}	
{state}, {phone}	, helped {name}
	•

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(h), NOTICE OF RELATED CASES (11/13)

#### When should this form be used?

Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires the **petitioner** in a family law case to file with the court a notice of related cases, if any. Your circuit may also require this form to be filed even if there are no related cases. A case is considered related if

- it involves the same parties, children, or issues and is pending when the family law case is filed; or
- it affects the court's jurisdiction to proceed; or
- an order in the related case may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier case.

This form is used to provide the required notice to the court.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. It must be filed with the clerk of the circuit court with the initial pleading in the family law case.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of the form must be served on the presiding judges, either the chief judge or the family law administrative judge, and all parties in the related cases. You should also keep a copy for your records. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d).

#### Special notes ...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms must also put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the pottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.	
nstructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)	

		E JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, COUNTY, FLORIDA
		COUNTY, TECHIDA
		Case No.:
		Division:
	Petitioner, ánd	
	anu	
	Respondent.	
	NOTICE	E OF RELATED CASES
j 1 1	juvenile delinquency, juvenile depend family law case if it involves any of the the party files a family case; if it affect	pen or closed civil, criminal, guardianship, domestic violence lency, or domestic relations case. A case is "related" to this same parties, children, or issues and it is pending at the time is the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an order in the related a same issues in the new case; or if an order in the new case or litigation.
	The following are the related case	s (add additional pages if necessary):
1	Related Case No. 1	
(	Petitioner Respondent	
(	Rechandant	

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion County, Florida):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues; may affect court's jurisdiction; order in related case may conflict with an order in this case; order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case. Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
Related Case No. 2 Case Name(s): Petitioner
Respondent Division: Division:
Case No Division.
Type of Proceeding: [check all that apply]
Dissolution of Marriage Paternity
Custody Adoption
Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings
Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency
Termination of Parental Rights Criminal
Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Mental Health
Violence or Stalking InjunctionsOther {specify}
State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion
County, Florida):
Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

Related Case No. 3 Case Name(s):
Case Name(s):
Case Name(s):
Case Name(s):
Datitional
Petitioner
Respondent
Case No.: Division:
Type of Proceeding: [check all that apply]
Dissolution of Marriage Paternity
Custody Adoption
Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceed
Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency
Termination of Parental Rights Criminal
Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Mental Health
Violence or Stalking InjunctionsOther {specify}
State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marior
County, Florida):
Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Bullet 19 for a Late Halou and 1
Relationship of cases check all that apply]:
pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;
may affect court's jurisdiction;
order in related case may conflict with an order in this case; order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case.
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
Statement as to the relationship of the cases.

2.

	I do request coordination of the following cases:
3.	[check all that apply] Assignment to one judge Coordination of existing cases will conserve judicial resources and promote an efficient determination of these cases because:
4.	The Petitioner acknowledges a continuing duty to inform the court of any cases in this or any other state that could affect the current proceeding.
	Dated:
	Petitioner's Signature
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	E-mail Address(es):
She ( [ch	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE  RTIFY that I delivered a copy of this Notice of Related Cases to the County riff's Department or a certified process server for service on the Respondent, and [check all used] ) e-mailed ( ) hand delivered, a copy to {name} , who is the eck all that apply] ( ) judge assigned to new case, ( ) chief judge or family law administrative ge, ( ) {name} a party to the related case, ( ) {name} a party to the related case on {date}
	Signature of Petitioner/Attorney for Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	E-mail Address(es):
	Florida Bar Number:

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

[fill in <b>all</b> b This form	olanks] was co	This form was empleted with	s prepared for th the assistance o	FORM, HE/SHE MUST ne {choose only one}: ( of:	) Petitioner (	
	of	business}			-	
			{(state}	, {telephone nur	nber}	·

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(a) DISCLOSURE FROM NONLAWYER (11/12)

#### When should this form be used?

This form must be used when anyone who is **not** a lawyer in good standing with The Florida Bar helps you complete any Florida Family Law Form. Attorneys who are licensed to practice in other states but not Florida, or who have been disbarred or suspended from the practice of law in Florida, are nonlawyers for the purposes of the Florida Family Law Forms and instructions.

The nonlawyer must complete this form and both of you are to sign it before the nonlawyer assists you in completing any Family Law Form.

In addition, on any other form with which a nonlawyer helps you, the nonlawyer shall complete the nonlawyer section located at the bottom of the form unless otherwise specified in the instructions to the form. This is to protect you and be sure that you are informed in advance of the nonlawyer's limitations.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this disclosure, signed by both the nonlawyer and the person, must be given to the person to retain and the nonlawyer must keep a copy in the person's file. The nonlawyer shall also keep copies for at least 6 years of all forms given to the person being assisted.

#### **Special Notes**

This disclosure form does NOT act as or constitute a waiver, disclaimer, or limitation of liability.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), Disclosure from Nonlawyer (11/12)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THEIN AND FOR	
	Case No.:
Petitioner,	
and	•
Respondent.	
DISCLOSURE I	FROM NONLAWYER
{Name}	told me that he/she is a nonlawyer
and may not give legal advice, cannot tell me what my in court, and cannot represent me in court.	y rights or remedies are, cannot tell me how to testify
by me in writing into the blanks on the form. Except may not tell me what to put in the form and may not approved by the Supreme Court of Florida, {name}	responsible. Only persons who meet the definition informed me that he/she is not a paralegal as paralegal.  /she may only type the factual information provided for typing, {name}
may ask me factual questions to fill in the blanks on t	the form and may also tell me how to file the form.
{Choose <b>one</b> only} I can read English I cannot read English, but this disclosure was {name} in {language}	read to me [fill in <b>both</b> blanks] by ge}, which I understand.
Dated:	Signature of Party
	Signature of NONLAWYER Printed Name: Name of Business: Address:

CASE NO.
NOTICE OF LIMITATIONS OF SERVICES PROVIDED
The personnel in the self-help program are not acting as your lawyer or providing legal advice to you.
Self-help personnel are not acting on behalf of the court or any judge. The presiding judge in your case may require amendment of a form or substitution of a different form. The judge is not required to grant the relief requested in a form.
The personnel in this self-help program cannot tell you what your legal rights or remedies are, represent you in court, or tell you how to testify in court.
Self-help services are available to all persons who are or will be parties to a family law case.
The information that you give to and receive from self-help personnel is not confidential and may be subject to disclosure at a later date. If another person involved in your case seeks assistance from the self-help program, that person will be given the same type of assistance that you receive.
In all cases, it is best to consult with your own attorney, especially if your case presents significant issues regarding children, child support, alimony, retirement or pension rights, assets or liabilities.
I CANNOT READ ENGLISH. THIS NOTICE WAS READ TO ME BY:
(NAME) (LANGUAGE)
(IMIVIL) (LANGOAGL)

SIGNATURE

\_\_\_\_ I CAN READ ENGLISH

CASE NO.
NOTICE OF LIMITATIONS OF SERVICES PROVIDED
The personnel in the self-help program are not acting as your lawyer or providing legal advice to you.
Self-help personnel are not acting on behalf of the court or any judge. The presiding judge in your case may require amendment of a form or substitution of a different form. The judge is not required to grant the relief requested in a form.
The personnel in this self-help program cannot tell you what your legal rights or remedies are, represent you in court, or tell you how to testify in court.
Self-help services are available to all persons who are or will be parties to a family law case.
The information that you give to and receive from self-help personnel is not confidential and may be subject to disclosure at a later date. If another person involved in your case seeks assistance from the self-help program, that person will be given the same type of assistance that you receive.
In all cases, it is best to consult with your own attorney, especially if your case presents significant issues regarding children, child support, alimony, retirement or pension rights, assets or liabilities.

\_\_\_\_\_I CANNOT READ ENGLISH. THIS NOTICE WAS READ TO ME BY:
\_\_\_\_\_\_IN\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
(NAME) (LANGUAGE)
\_\_\_\_\_\_I CAN READ ENGLISH
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_I CAN READ ENGLISH

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(j), NOTICE OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER (11/15)

#### When should this form be used?

This form must be completed and filed by each party in all <u>paternity</u>, <u>child support</u>, and <u>dissolution of marriage</u> cases, regardless of whether the case involves a minor child(ren) and/or property.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case was filed and keep a copy for your records.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not **served** on him or her with your initial papers.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at <a href="www.flcourts.org">www.flcourts.org</a> through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j), Notice of Social Security Number (11/15)

procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes.

#### Special notes...

If this is a domestic violence case and you want to keep your address confidential for safety reasons, do not enter the address, telephone, fax, or e-mail information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file a Request for Confidential Filing of Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(i).

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	OF THE	
		:
Petitio	oner,	
and		
Respo	ndent.	
NOTICE O	F SOCIAL SECURIT	Y NUMBER
I, {full legal name}		, certify that
my social security number is the Florida Statutes. My date of birth i	, as	required by the applicable section of
[Choose one only] 1. This notice is being filed in children in common.	a dissolution of marriage o	case in which the parties have <b>no</b> minor
	minor children in common.	rt case, or in a dissolution of marriage The minor child(ren)'s name(s), date(s)
	er de la	
Name	Birth date	Social Security Number
{Attach additional pages if necessary.}	•	
Disclosure of social security numbers	•	pose of administration of the Title IV-D

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j), Notice of Social Security Number (11/15)

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this notice and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	,
<del></del>	Signature
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	Designated E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me or	n by
Date:	
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk]
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for t This form was completed with the assistance	S FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: he: {choose only one} ( ) Petitioner ( ) Respondent of:
{name of business}	
{address}	
{city} , {state} ,{zip c	ode} , {telephone number}

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(j), NOTICE OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER (11/15)

#### When should this form be used?

This form must be completed and filed by each party in all <u>paternity</u>, <u>child support</u>, and <u>dissolution of marriage</u> cases, regardless of whether the case involves a minor child(ren) and/or property.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case was filed and keep a copy for your records.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not <u>served</u> on him or her with your initial papers.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at <a href="www.flcourts.org">www.flcourts.org</a> through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j), Notice of Social Security Number (11/15)

procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes.

#### Special notes...

If this is a domestic violence case and you want to keep your address confidential for safety reasons, do not enter the address, telephone, fax, or e-mail information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file a Request for Confidential Filing of Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(i).

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THEIN AND FOR	
Case No	COUNTY, FLORIDA
IAL SECURIT	Y NUMBER
	, certify that
, as	required by the applicable section of
	· ·
	·
ution of marriage	case in which the parties have <b>no</b> minor
ildren in common.	rt case, or in a dissolution of marriage The minor child(ren)'s name(s), date(s)
Birth date	Social Security Number
<del> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</del>	
<b>limited</b> to the pur	pose of administration of the Title IV-D
	Case No Division:  IAL SECURIT  ution of marriage of the common of the c

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j), Notice of Social Security Number (11/15)

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this notice and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	
<del></del>	Signature
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	Designated E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
Data	· ·
Date:	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	NOTART FOBLIC OF DEFOTT CLERK
,	
, ·	
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk]
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	<u> </u>
IE A MONI AWVED HEIDED VOU EILL OUT THIS	FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:
	ne: {choose only <b>one</b> } ( ) Petitioner ( ) Respondent
This form was completed with the assistance of	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(name of husiness)	·
(nume of business)	
{address}	ode} {telephone number}

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.902(b), FAMILY LAW FINANCIAL AFFIDAVIT (SHORT FORM) (01/15)

#### When should this form be used?

This form should be used when you are involved in a family law case which requires a <u>financial affidavit</u> and your individual gross income is UNDER \$50,000 per year unless:

- (1) You are filing a simplified dissolution of marriage under rule 12.105 and both parties have waived the filing of a financial affidavit;
- (2) You have no minor children, no support issues, and have filed a written settlement agreement disposing of all financial issues; or
- (3) The court lacks jurisdiction to determine any financial issues.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. You should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the <u>petition</u> was filed and keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be served on the other <u>party</u> in your case within 45 days of being served with the petition, if it is not served on him or her with your initial papers. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.285.

#### Special notes...

If you want to keep your address confidential because you are the victim of sexual battery, aggravated child abuse, aggravated stalking, harassment, aggravated battery, or domestic violence, do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file **Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h).

The affidavit must be completed using **monthly** income and expense amounts. If you are paid or your bills are due on a schedule which is not monthly, you must convert those amounts. Hints are provided below for making these conversions.

Instructions to Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (01/15)

Hourly - If you are paid by the hour, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Hourly amount x Hours worked per week = Weekly amount

Weekly amount x 52 Weeks per year = Yearly amount

Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = Monthly Amount

Daily - If you are paid by the day you may convert your income to monthly as follows.

**Daily** - If you are paid by the day, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Daily amountxDays worked per week=Weekly amountWeekly amountx52 Weeks per year=Yearly amountYearly amount÷12 Months per year=Monthly Amount

Weekly - If you are paid by the week, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Weekly amount x 52 Weeks per year = Yearly amount Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = Monthly Amount

Bi-weekly - If you are paid every two weeks, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Bi-weekly amount x 26 = Yearly amount Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = **Monthly Amount** 

Semi-monthly - If you are paid twice per month, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Semi-monthly amount x 2 = Monthly Amount

Expenses may be converted in the same manner.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.:
	Division:
Petitioner,	
and	
Respondent.	
FAMILY LAW FINANCIAL A	FFIDAVIT (SHORT FORM)
(Under \$50,000 Individual	
I, {full legal name}	, being sworn, certify that the following
information is true:	
My Occupation:	
Business Address:	
Pay rate: \$ ( ) every week ( ) every ( ) other:	other week ( ) twice a month ( ) monthly
Check here if unemployed and explain on a separa	ate sheet your efforts to find employment.
SECTION I. PRESENT MONTHLY GROSS INCOME: All amounts must be MONTHLY. See the instructions anything that is NOT paid monthly. Attach more pape be listed separately with separate dollar amounts.	
1. \$ Monthly gross salary or wages	
2 Monthly bonuses, commissions, allowand	ces, overtime, tips, and similar payments
3Monthly business income from sources su	uch as self-employment, partnerships, close
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	acts (gross receipts minus ordinary and necessary attach sheet itemizing such income and expenses.)
4Monthly disability benefits/SSI	
5Monthly Workers' Compensation	
6Monthly Unemployment Compensation	
7Monthly pension, retirement, or annuity	payments
8Monthly Social Security benefits	
9 Monthly alimony actually received (Add 9	a and 9b)
9a. From this case: \$	
9b. From other case(s):	
10 Monthly interest and dividends	
11Monthly rental income (gross receipts min	nus ordinary and necessary expenses

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (01/15)

			required to produce income) (Attach sheet itemizing such income and expense items.
12.			_ Monthly income from royalties, trusts, or estates
13.			_ Monthly reimbursed expenses and in-kind payments to the extent that they reduce personal living expenses
14.			_ Monthly gains derived from dealing in property (not including nonrecurring gains)
15.			_ Any other income of a recurring nature (list source)
16.			
17.	\$_		TOTAL PRESENT MONTHLY GROSS INCOME (Add lines 1–16)
PR	ESEN	NT IV	IONTHLY DEDUCTIONS:
18.	\$_		_Monthly federal, state, and local income tax (corrected for filing status and allowable dependents and income tax liabilities)
		a.	Filing Status
		b.	Number of dependents claimed
19.	_		_ Monthly FICA or self-employment taxes
20.			_ Monthly Medicare payments
21.			_ Monthly mandatory union dues
22.			_ Monthly mandatory retirement payments
23.			Monthly health insurance payments (including dental insurance), excluding portion paid for any minor children of this relationship
24.	_		_ Monthly court-ordered child support actually paid for children from another relationship
25.			_Monthly court-ordered alimony actually paid (Add 25a and 25b)
		25	5a. from this case: \$
		25	5b. from other case(s):\$
26.	\$		TOTAL DEDUCTIONS ALLOWABLE UNDER SECTION 61.30, FLORIDA STATUTES
			(Add lines 18 through 25).
27.	\$_		PRESENT NET MONTHLY INCOME (Subtract line 26 from line 17)

#### **SECTION II. AVERAGE MONTHLY EXPENSES**

**Proposed/Estimated Expenses.** If this is a dissolution of marriage case **and** your expenses as listed below do not reflect what you actually pay currently, you should write "estimate" next to each amount that is estimated.

A. HOUSEHOLD:			
Mortgage or rent	\$	E. OTHER EXPENSES NOT LIST	ED ABOVE
Property taxes	\$	Clothing	\$
Utilities ,	\$	Medical/Dental (uninsured)	\$
Telephone ´	\$	Grooming	Ś
Food	\$	Entertainment	š
Meals outside home	\$ <del></del>	Gifts	ξ
Maintenance/Repairs	\$	Religious organizations	ξ
Other:	\$	Miscellaneous	ξ
<del></del>		Other:	ξ
B. AUTOMOBILE			ξ
Gasoline	\$		ξ——
Repairs	Ś	<del></del>	ξ
Insurance	\$	<del></del>	ξ
	<u> </u>		ξ
C. CHILD(REN)'S EXPENSES			٧
Day care	\$		
Lunch money	\$	F. PAYMENTS TO CREDITORS	
Clothing	\$	CREDITOR:	MONTHLY
Grooming	\$	G.(2577-01)	PAYMENT
Gifts for holidays	\$		\$
Medical/Dental (uninsured)	\$		ξ
Other:	ζ		\$
other:	<del></del>		ξ
D. INSURANCE		<del>- ·</del>	š
Medical/Dental (if not listed on			Š
lines 23 or 45)	\$		Š
Child(ren)'s medical/dental	ξ		Ś
Life	ξ		Š
Other:	ξ		Š
Other:	Y	<del></del>	5
			τ

28. \$	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (add ALL monthly amounts in A through F above)
SUMMARY	
29. \$	TOTAL PRESENT MONTHLY NET INCOME (from line 27 of SECTION I. INCOME)
30. \$	_ TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (from line 28 above)
31. \$	_ SURPLUS (If line 29 is more than line 30, subtract line 30 from line 29. This is the amount of your surplus. Enter that amount here.)
32. <b>(\$</b> _	) (DEFICIT) (If line 30 is more than line 29, subtract line 29 from line 30. This is the amount of your deficit. Enter that amount here.)

#### **SECTION III. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

Use the nonmarital column only if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage and you believe an item is "nonmarital," meaning it belongs to only one of you and should not be divided. You should indicate to whom you believe the item(s) or debt belongs. (Typically, you will only use this column if property/debt was owned/owed by one spouse before the marriage. See the "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms and section 61.075(1), Florida Statutes, for definitions of "marital" and "nonmarital" assets and liabilities.)

#### A. ASSETS:

DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S). List a description of each separate item owned by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). LIST ONLY LAST 4 DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBERS. Check the line next to any asset(s) which you are requesting the judge	Current Fair Market	Nonmarital (check correct column)	
ne line next to any asset(s) which you are requesting the judge ward to you.	Value	husband	wife
Cash (on hand)	\$		
Cash (in banks or credit unions)			
Stocks, Bonds, Notes			
Real estate: (Home)			
(Other)			
Automobiles	<u></u>		
Other personal property			
Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)			
Other			
Check here if additional pages are attached.			
otal Assets (add next column)	\$		

#### B. LIABILITIES:

DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S). List a description of each separate debt owed by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). LIST ONLY LAST 4 DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBERS. Check the line next to any debt(s) for which you believe you should be	Current Amount Owed	Nonmarital (check correct column)	
responsible.		husband	wife
Mortgages on real estate: First mortgage on home	\$		
Second mortgage on home			
Other mortgages			
Auto loans			-
Charge/credit card accounts			
Other			
Check here if additional pages are attached.			
Total Debts (add next column)	\$		

#### C. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:

INSTRUCTIONS: If you have any **POSSIBLE assets** (income potential, accrued vacation or sick leave, bonus, inheritance, etc.) or **POSSIBLE liabilities** (possible lawsuits, future unpaid taxes, contingent tax liabilities, debts assumed by another), you must list them here.

Contingent Assets  Check the line next to any contingent asset(s) which you are requesting the		Nonmarital (check correct column)	
judge award to you.		husband	wife
	\$		
Total Contingent Assets	\$		

Contingent Liabilities  Check the line next to any contingent debt(s) for which you believe you	Possible Amount	Nonmarital (check correct column)	
should be responsible.	Owed	husband	wife
	\$		
Total Contingent Liabilities	\$		

#### SECTION IV. CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES WORKSHEET

(Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(e), Child Support Guidelines Worksheet, MUST be filed with the court at or prior to a hearing to establish or modify child support. This requirement cannot be waived by the parties.)

establishment or modification of child support.	IS or WILL BE filed in this case. This case involves the IS NOT being filed in this case. The establishment or his case.
I certify that a copy of this document was [chec ( ) hand delivered to the person(s) listed below	k all used]: ( ) e-mailed ( ) mailed ( ) faxed ow on {date}
Other party or his/her attorney:  Name: Address: City, State, Zip: Fax Number: E-mail Address(es):	
I understand that I am swearing or affirming u affidavit and that the punishment for know imprisonment.	nder oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this ingly making a false statement includes fines and/or
Dated:	Signature of Party Printed Name: Address: City, State, Zip: Fax Number: E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
· ·	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or deputy clerk.]

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (01/15)

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU I [fill in all blanks] This form was p					
This form was completed with the {name of individual}		, , , ,	•		
{name of business} {address}				•	<u> </u>
{city}	_,{state}	_{telephone numb	er}		ر

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.902(b), FAMILY LAW FINANCIAL AFFIDAVIT (SHORT FORM) (01/15)

#### When should this form be used?

This form should be used when you are involved in a family law case which requires a <u>financial affidavit</u> and your individual gross income is UNDER \$50,000 per year unless:

- (1) You are filing a simplified dissolution of marriage under rule 12.105 and both parties have waived the filing of a financial affidavit;
- (2) You have no minor children, no support issues, and have filed a written settlement agreement disposing of all financial issues; or
- (3) The court lacks jurisdiction to determine any financial issues.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. You should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the <u>petition</u> was filed and keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be served on the other <u>party</u> in your case within 45 days of being served with the petition, if it is not served on him or her with your initial papers. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.285.

#### Special notes...

If you want to keep your address confidential because you are the victim of sexual battery, aggravated child abuse, aggravated stalking, harassment, aggravated battery, or domestic violence, do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file **Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h).

The affidavit must be completed using **monthly** income and expense amounts. If you are paid or your bills are due on a schedule which is not monthly, you must convert those amounts. Hints are provided below for making these conversions.

Instructions to Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (01/15)

Hourly - If you are paid by the hour, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Hourly amount x Hours worked per week = Weekly amount
Weekly amount x 52 Weeks per year = Yearly amount
Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = Monthly Amount
Daily - If you are paid by the day, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Daily amount x Days worked per week = Weekly amount
Weekly amount x 52 Weeks per year = Weekly amount
Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = Monthly Amount

Weekly - If you are paid by the week, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Weekly amount x 52 Weeks per year = Yearly amount Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = **Monthly Amount** 

Bi-weekly - If you are paid every two weeks, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Bi-weekly amount x 26 = Yearly amount Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = **Monthly Amount** 

Semi-monthly - If you are paid twice per month, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Semi-monthly amount x 2 = Monthly Amount

Expenses may be converted in the same manner.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.: Division:
	Petitioner,	
and		
	Respondent.	
		AFFIDAVIT (SHORT FORM) Iual Gross Annual Income)
( <i>(</i>		
inform	nation is true:	, being sworn, certify that the following
Му Ос	cupation:	Employed by:
Busine	ess Address:	
( ) ot	her:	ery other week ( ) twice a month ( ) monthly
Ch	neck here if unemployed and explain on a sep	parate sheet your efforts to find employment.
All am anythi	ON I. PRESENT MONTHLY GROSS INCOME: ounts must be MONTHLY. See the instruction of that is NOT paid monthly. Attach more ped separately with separate dollar amounts.	ons with this form to figure out money amounts for aper, if needed. Items included under "other" should
1. \$_	Monthly gross salary or wages	
2	Monthly bonuses, commissions, allow	ances, overtime, tips, and similar payments
3	corporations, and/or independent co	es such as self-employment, partnerships, close ntracts (gross receipts minus ordinary and necessary e) (Attach sheet itemizing such income and expenses.)
4	Monthly disability benefits/SSI	
5	Monthly Workers' Compensation	
6	Monthly Unemployment Compensation	on
7	Monthly pension, retirement, or annu	ity payments
8	Monthly Social Security benefits	
9	Monthly alimony actually received (Ac	ld 9a and 9b)
	9a. From this case: \$	
	9b. From other case(s):	
10	Monthly interest and dividends	
11	Monthly rental income (gross receipts	minus ordinary and necessary expenses

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (01/15)

	required to produce income) (Attach sheet itemizing such income and expense items.)
12	Monthly income from royalties, trusts, or estates
13	Monthly reimbursed expenses and in-kind payments to the extent that they reduce personal living expenses
14	Monthly gains derived from dealing in property (not including nonrecurring gains)
15	Any other income of a recurring nature (list source)
16	
17. \$	TOTAL PRESENT MONTHLY GROSS INCOME (Add lines 1–16)
PRESI	ENT MONTHLY DEDUCTIONS:
	Monthly federal, state, and local income tax (corrected for filing status and allowable dependents and income tax liabilities)
	a. Filing Status
	b. Number of dependents claimed
19	Monthly FICA or self-employment taxes
20	Monthly Medicare payments
21	Monthly mandatory union dues
	Monthly mandatory retirement payments
23	Monthly health insurance payments (including dental insurance), excluding portion paid for any minor children of this relationship
24	Monthly court-ordered child support actually paid for children from another relationship
25	Monthly court-ordered alimony actually paid (Add 25a and 25b)
	25a. from this case: \$
	25b. from other case(s):\$
26. \$	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS ALLOWABLE UNDER SECTION 61.30, FLORIDA STATUTES
	(Add lines 18 through 25).
27. \$	PRESENT NET MONTHLY INCOME (Subtract line 26 from line 17)

#### **SECTION II. AVERAGE MONTHLY EXPENSES**

**Proposed/Estimated Expenses.** If this is a dissolution of marriage case **and** your expenses as listed below do not reflect what you actually pay currently, you should write "estimate" next to each amount that is estimated.

A. HOUSEHOLD:			
Mortgage or rent	\$	E. OTHER EXPENSES NOT LIST	ED ABOVE
Property taxes	\$	Clothing	\$
Utilities	\$	Medical/Dental (uninsured)	\$
Telephone	\$	Grooming	\$
Food	\$ <u>.</u>	Entertainment	\$
Meals outside home	\$	Gifts	\$
Maintenance/Repairs	\$	Religious organizations	\$
Other:	\$	Miscellaneous	\$
•		Other:	<u> </u>
B. AUTOMOBILE			\$
Gasoline	\$		Š
Repairs	\$		\$
Insurance	\$		Š
			Ś
C. CHILD(REN)'S EXPENSES			
Day care	\$		
Lunch money	\$	F. PAYMENTS TO CREDITORS	
Clothing	\$	CREDITOR:	MONTHLY
Grooming	\$		<b>PAYMENT</b>
Gifts for holidays	\$		\$
Medical/Dental (uninsured)	\$		Š
Other:	\$		Ś
other.	¥ <u></u>		Ś
D. INSURANCE			Ś
Medical/Dental (if not listed or	า		Ś
lines 23 or 45)	· s		Ś
Child(ren)'s medical/dental	ξ		Ś
Life	š ——		<u>;</u>
Other:	<u> </u>		\$
	Υ		\$

28. \$	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (add ALL monthly amounts in A through F above)
SUMMARY	
29. <b>\$</b> _	TOTAL PRESENT MONTHLY NET INCOME (from line 27 of SECTION I. INCOME)
30. <b>\$</b>	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (from line 28 above)
31. \$	SURPLUS (If line 29 is more than line 30, subtract line 30 from line 29. This is the amount of your surplus. Enter that amount here.)
32. <b>(\$</b> _	) (DEFICIT) (If line 30 is more than line 29, subtract line 29 from line 30. This is the amount of your deficit. Enter that amount here.)

#### **SECTION III. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

Use the nonmarital column only if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage and you believe an item is "nonmarital," meaning it belongs to only one of you and should not be divided. You should indicate to whom you believe the item(s) or debt belongs. (Typically, you will only use this column if property/debt was owned/owed by one spouse before the marriage. See the "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms and section 61.075(1), Florida Statutes, for definitions of "marital" and "nonmarital" assets and liabilities.)

#### A. ASSETS:

DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S). List a description of each separate item owned by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). LIST ONLY LAST 4 DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBERS. Check the line next to any asset(s) which you are requesting the judge		Nonmarital (check correct column)	
award to you.	Value	husband	wife
Cash (on hand)	\$		
Cash (in banks or credit unions)			
Stocks, Bonds, Notes			
Real estate: (Home)			
(Other)			
Automobiles			
Other personal property			
Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)			
Other			<del>-</del> -
Check here if additional pages are attached.			
Total Assets (add next column)	\$		

#### **B. LIABILITIES:**

DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S). List a description of each separate debt owed by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). LIST ONLY LAST 4 DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBERS. Check the line next to any debt(s) for which you believe you should be	Current Amount Owed	Nonmarital (check correct column)	
the line next to any debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.		husband	wife
Mortgages on real estate: First mortgage on home	\$		
Second mortgage on home			
Other mortgages			
Auto loans			
Charge/credit card accounts	,		
Other			
Check here if additional pages are attached.			
Total Debts (add next column)	\$		

#### C. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:

INSTRUCTIONS: If you have any **POSSIBLE assets** (income potential, accrued vacation or sick leave, bonus, inheritance, etc.) or **POSSIBLE liabilities** (possible lawsuits, future unpaid taxes, contingent tax liabilities, debts assumed by another), you must list them here.

Contingent Assets  Check the line next to any contingent asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.	Possible Value	Nonma (check co colum husband	orrect in)
	\$		
Total Contingent Assets	\$		

Check the line next to any contingent debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.	Possible Amount Owed	(check co colun husband	
Total Contingent Liabilities	\$		

#### SECTION IV. CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES WORKSHEET

(Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(e), Child Support Guidelines Worksheet, MUST be filed with the court at or prior to a hearing to establish or modify child support. This requirement cannot be waived by the parties.)

[Check one only]  A Child Support Guidelines Worksheet	t IS or WILL BE filed in this case. This case involves the
establishment or modification of child support	
	t IS NOT being filed in this case. The establishment or
modification of child support is not an issue in	this case.
	ck all used]: ( ) e-mailed ( ) mailed ( ) faxed ow on {date}
Other party or his/her attorney: Name:	
Address:	•
City, State, Zip:	
Fax Number:E-mail Address(es):	
E-mail Address(es):	
	under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this vingly making a false statement includes fines and/or
Dated:	
	Signature of Party
	Printed Name:
	Address: City, State, Zip:
	Fax Number:
	E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or deputy clerk.]
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (01/15)

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU	J FILL OUT THIS	FORM, HE/SHE MUST FIL	L IN THE BLA	NKS BELOW:	
[fill in all blanks] This form was	prepared for the	e: {choose only <b>one</b> } ( )	Petitioner (	) Respondent	
This form was completed with	the assistance o	f:			
{name of individual}					
{name of business}					_
{address}					
{city}	,{state}	{telephone number,	}		

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (01/15)

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT	OF THE FOURTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
	IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
IN RE: 7	HE MARRIAGE OF	
	Petitioner,	
and		Case No.
una		Division:
	Respondent.	
		VER AND WAIVER
	FOR ANNU	JLMENT OF MARRIAGE
	The Decreadent	
marria	ge as follows:	answers the Petition for Annulment of
mama	50 43 10110443.	
	1. I have received a copy of the Po	etition for Annulment that was filed in this cause. I have read
		gations of the petition are true and correct.
	2. The marriage of the parties is r	ull and void.
	3 The Respondent agrees that the	is action may proceed to a final hearing.
	. The respondent agrees that th	is action may proceed to a final nearing.
	4. The Respondent waives further	r notice in this cause of action and specifically waives notice
	of the entry of any Final Judgm	
For the	ese reasons, the Respondent request	ts this Court to:
	A. Take jurisdiction over the parti	es and the marriage
	A. Take jurisdiction over the parti	es and the marnage.
	B. Enter a judgment of annulmen	t in this cause.
		·
Dated		
Dateu		Signature of Respondent
	•	Printed Name:
		Address:
		City, State, Zlp:
	•	Telephone Number:
		Fax Number:
		Email Address:

COUNTY OF	•
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me	onby
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or deputy clerk.]
I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlaw	is form, He/she must fill in the Blanks Below: [fill in yer]
a nonlawyer, located at {street}	(city)
(state) {pnone}	, helped {nāme}
who is the respondent, fill out this form.	

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.910(a)

## SUMMONS: PERSONAL SERVICE ON AN INDIVIDUAL (03/17)

#### When should this form be used?

This form should be used to obtain <u>personal service</u> on the other <u>party</u> when you begin your lawsuit. <u>Service</u> is required for all documents filed in your case. Service means giving a copy of the required papers to the other party using the procedure that the law requires. Generally, there are two ways to make service: (1) personal service, or (2) service by email, mail, or hand delivery. A third method for service is called <u>constructive service</u>; however, the relief a court may grant may be limited in a case where constructive service has been used.

The law requires that certain documents be served by **personal service** if personal service is possible. **Personal service** means that a summons (this form) and a copy of the forms you are filing with the court that must be personally served are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server

- a. directly to the other party, or
- b. to someone over the age of fifteen with whom the other party lives.

Personal service is required for all <u>petitions</u>, including petitions for modification. You cannot serve these papers on the other party yourself or by mail or hand delivery. Personal service must be made by the sheriff's department in the county where the other party lives or works or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives or works.

In many counties, there are private process servers who, for a fee, will personally serve the summons and other documents that require personal service. You should look under process servers in the yellow pages of the telephone book for a list of private process servers in your area. You may use a private process server to serve any paper required to be personally served in a family law case except a petition for injunction for protection against domestic or repeat violence.

#### How do I start?

When you begin your lawsuit, you need to complete this form (summons) and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). The forms should be typed or printed legibly in black ink. Next, you will need to take these forms and, if you have not already done so, **file** your petition with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where you live. You should keep a copy of the forms for your records. The clerk will sign the summons, and then the summons, a copy of the papers to be served, and the process service memorandum must be delivered to the appropriate sheriff's office or to a private process server for service on the other party.

IF THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN THE COUNTY WHERE SUIT IS FILED: Ask the clerk in your county about any local procedures regarding service. Generally, if the other party lives in the county in which you are filing suit and you want the sheriff's department to serve the papers, you will file the summons along with a

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (03/17)

Process Service Memorandum, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), with the clerk and the clerk will forward those papers to the sheriff for service. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons. You may also need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you, after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. However, in some counties the sheriff may send the proof of service directly to the clerk. If you are instructed to supply a self-addressed, stamped envelope and you receive the proof of service, you should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office and have the clerk sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the private process server must be filed with the clerk. You should discuss how this will occur with the private process server.

IF THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN ANOTHER COUNTY: If the other party lives in another county, service needs to be made by a sheriff in the county where the other party lives or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons as well as the Process Service Memorandum, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). If you want the sheriff to serve the papers, the clerk may send your papers to that sheriff's office for you, or you may have to send the papers yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. Either way, you will need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you, after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. You should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office where the clerk will sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the private process server must be filed with the clerk. You should discuss how this will occur with the private process server.

IF THE OTHER PARTY CANNOT BE LOCATED OR DOES NOT LIVE IN FLORIDA: If, after you have made a diligent effort to locate the other party, you absolutely cannot locate the other party, you may serve the other party by publication. Service by publication is also known as <u>constructive service</u>. You may also be able to use constructive service if the other party does not live in Florida. However, Florida courts have only limited jurisdiction over a party who is served by constructive service and may have only limited Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (03/17)

jurisdiction over a party living outside of Florida regardless of whether that party is served by constructive or personal service; that is, the judge's power to order the other party to do certain things may be limited. For example, the judge may be able to grant your request for a divorce, but the judge may not be able to address issues such as child support, spousal support (alimony), or division of property or debts.

Regardless of the	type of service used, if the other party once lived in Florida but is	living outside of Florida
now, you should i	include in your petition a statement regarding the length of time tl	he party lived in Florida
if any, and when.	For example: "Respondent last lived in Florida from {date}	to .
{date}	<i>"</i>	

This area of the law is very complex and you may need to consult with an attorney regarding the proper type of service to be used in your case if the other party does not live in Florida or cannot be located.

#### What happens when the papers are served on the other party?

The date and hour of service are written on the original summons and on all copies of it by the person making the service. The person who delivers the summons and copies of the petition must file a proof of service with the clerk or provide a proof of service to you for filing with the court. It is your responsibility to make sure the proof of service has been returned to the clerk and placed in your case file.

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information regarding service of process, see chapters 48 and 49, Florida Statutes, and Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.070, as well as the instructions for Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), Affidavit of Diligent Service and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and Affidavit of Diligent Search, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c).

#### Special notes

If you have been unable to obtain proper service on the other party within **120 days** after filing your lawsuit, the court will dismiss your lawsuit against the other party unless you can show the court a good reason why service was not made within **120 days**. For this reason, if you had the local sheriff serve the papers, you should check with the clerk every couple of weeks after completing the service papers to see if service has been completed. You may need to supply the sheriff with a new or better address. If you had a private process server or a sheriff in another county serve the papers, you should be in contact with that person or sheriff until you receive proof of service from that person or sheriff. You should then file the proof of service with the clerk immediately.

If the other party fails to respond, i.e., fails to file a written response with the court, within **20 days** after the service of the summons, you are entitled to request a <u>default</u>. See the instructions to **Motion for Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922 (a), and **Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(b), for further information. You will need to file an **Affidavit of Military Service**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(b), before a default may be granted.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (03/17)

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.:
	Division:
Petitioner,	
and	
Respondent.	
	RVICE ON AN INDIVIDUAL VICIO PERSONAL EN UN INDIVIDUO
	ERSONAL SUR UN INDIVIDUEL
TO/PARA/A: {enter other party's full legal name}	
TO/PARA/A: {enter other party's full legal name} {address (including city and state)/location for service	te}
fadaress (melading city and state), location for service	rtant
IMPO  A lawsuit has been filed against you. You have 20 c file a written response to the attached complaint/pe	RTANT  alendar days after this summons is served on you to
	RTANT  alendar days after this summons is served on you to etition with the clerk of this circuit court, located at:  onse, including the case number given above and the
IMPO  A lawsuit has been filed against you. You have 20 c file a written response to the attached complaint/pe{street address}  A phone call will not protect you. Your written response to the attached complaint/pe	RTANT  alendar days after this summons is served on you to estition with the clerk of this circuit court, located at:  onse, including the case number given above and the court to hear your side of the case.  Four may lose the case, and your wages, money, and er warning from the Court. There are other legant away. If you do not know an attorney, you may can
IMPO  A lawsuit has been filed against you. You have 20 c file a written response to the attached complaint/pe {street address}  A phone call will not protect you. Your written response of the parties, must be filed if you want the completely one of the parties	RTANT  alendar days after this summons is served on you to estition with the clerk of this circuit court, located at:  onse, including the case number given above and the court to hear your side of the case.  Tourn to hear your side of the case.  Tourn may lose the case, and your wages, money, and er warning from the Court. There are other legant away. If you do not know an attorney, you may called in the phone book).  The same time you file your written response to the

If the party serving summons has designated email address(es) for service or is represented by an attorney, you may designate email address(es) for service by or on you. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Copies of all court documents in this case, including orders, are available at the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office. You may review these documents, upon request.

You must keep the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office notified of your current address. (You may file Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form

12.915.) Future papers in this lawsuit will be mailed to the address on record at the clerk's office.

WARNING: Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires certain automatic disclosure of documents and information. Failure to comply can result in sanctions, including dismissal or striking of pleadings.

IMPORTANTE
Usted ha sido demandado legalmente. Tiene veinte (20) dias, contados a partir del recibo de esta notificacion, para contestar la demanda adjunta, por escrito, y presentarla ante este tribunal. Localizado en: Una llamada telefonica no lo protegera. Si usted desea que el tribunal considere su defensa, debe presentar su respuesta por escrito, incluyendo el numero del caso y los nombres de las partes interesadas. Si usted no contesta la demanda a tiempo, pudiese perder al asso y padrio por despois de de sus ingressos y propiedados e privado de sus derechos, sin provio aviso
el caso y podria ser despojado de sus ingresos y propiedades, o privado de sus derechos, sin previo aviso del tribunal. Existen otros requisitos legales. Si lo desea, usted puede consultar a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a una de las oficinas de asistencia legal que aparecen en la guia telefonica.
Si desea responder a la demanda por su cuenta, al mismo tiempo en que presente su respuesta ante el tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o entregar una copia de su respuesta a la persona denominada abajo.
Si usted elige presentar personalmente una respuesta por escrito, en el mismo momento que usted presente su respuesta por escrito al Tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o llevar una copia de su respuesta por escrito a la parte entregando esta orden de comparencencia a:
Nombre y direccion de la parte que entrega la orden de comparencencia:
Copias de todos los documentos judiciales de este caso, incluyendo las ordenes, estan disponibles en la oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito [Clerk of the Circuit Court's office]. Estos documentos pueden ser revisados a su solicitud.
Usted debe de manener informada a la oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito de su direccion actual. (Usted puede presentar el Formulario: Ley de Familia de la Florida 12.915, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, [Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address].) Los papelos que se presenten en el futuro en esta demanda judicial seran env ados por correo a la direccion que este registrada en la oficina del Secretario.
ADVERTENCIA: Regla 12.285 (Rule 12.285), de las Reglas de Procedimiento de Ley de Familia de la Florida [Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure], requiere cierta revelacion automatica de documentos e informacion. El incumplimient, puede resultar en sanciones, incluyendo la desestimacion o anulacion de los alegatos.
IMPORTANT
Des poursuites judiciaries ont ete entreprises contre vous. Vous avez 20 jours consecutifs a partir de la date de l'assignation de cette citation pour deposer une reponse ecrite a la plainte ci-jointe aupres de ce tribunal. Qui se trouve a: {L'Adresse} Un simple coup de telephone est insuffisant pour vous proteger; vous etes obliges de deposer votre reponse ecrite, avec mention du numero de dossier ci-dessus et du nom des parties nommees ici, si vous souhaitez que le tribunal entende

votre cause. Si vous ne deposez pas votre reponse ecrite dans le delai requis, vous risquez de perdre la cause ainsi que votre salaire, votre argent, et vos biens peuvent etre saisis par la suite, sans aucun preavis ulterieur du tribunal. Il y a d'autres obligations juridiques et vous pouvez requerir les services immediats d'un avocat. Si vous ne connaissez pas d'avocat, vous pourriez telephoner a un service de reference d'avocats ou a un bureau d'assistance juridique (figurant a l'annuaire de telephones).

Si vous choisissez de deposer vous-meme une reponse ecrite, il vous faudra egalement, en meme temps que cette formalite, faire parvenir ou expedier une copie au carbone ou une photocopie de votre reponse ecrite a la partie qui vous depose cette citation.

Nom et adresse de la partie qui depose cette cit	ation:
Les photocopies de tous les documents tribuna au bureau du greffier. Vous pouvez revue ces c	als de cette cause, y compris des arrets, sont disponible documents, sur demande.
<del>-</del>	cuelle. (Vous pouvez deposer Florida Supreme Court n of Current Mailing and Email Address.) Les documents esse que vous donnez au bureau du greffier.
remette certains renseignements et certains d	cedure du droit de la famille de la Floride exige que l'on ocuments a la partie adverse. Tout refus de les fournir le rejet ou la suppression d'un ou de plusieurs actes de
THE STATE OF FLORIDA TO EACH SHERIFF OF THE STATE: You are comma in this lawsuit on the above-named person.	anded to serve this summons and a copy of the complaint
DATED:	
(SEAL)	CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
·	By:
	Deputy Clerk

# FAMILY LAW FORMS, COMMENTARY, AND INSTRUCTIONS GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS (09/13)

You should read this General Information thoroughly before taking any other steps to file your case or represent yourself in court. Most of this information is not repeated in the attached forms. This information should provide you with an overview of the court system, its participants, and its processes. It should be useful whether you want to represent yourself in a pending matter or have a better understanding of the way family court works. This is not intended as a substitute for legal advice from an attorney. Each case has its own particular set of circumstances, and an attorney may advise you of what is best for you in your individual situation.

These instructions are not the only place that you can get information about how a family case works. You may want to look at other books for more help. The Florida Statutes, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, and other legal information or books may be found at the public library or in a law library at your county courthouse or a law school in your area. If you are filing a petition for Name Change and/or Adoption, these instructions may not apply.

If the word(s) is printed in **bold**, this means that the word is being emphasized. Throughout these instructions, you will also find words printed in **bold** and **underlined**. This means that the definitions of these words may be found in the glossary of common family law terms at the end of this general information section.

#### Commentary

1995 Adoption. To help the many people in family law court cases who do not have attorneys to represent them (pro se litigants), the Florida Supreme Court added these simplified forms and directions to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. The directions refer to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure or the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Many of the forms were adapted from the forms accompanying the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Practitioners should refer to the committee notes for those forms for rule history.

The forms were adopted by the Court pursuant to Family Law Rules of Procedure, 667 So. 2d 202 (Fla. 1995); In re Petition for Approval of Forms Pursuant to Rule 10-1.1(b) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Stepparent Adoption Forms, 613 So. 2d 900 (Fla. 1992); Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Approval of Forms, 581 So. 2d 902 (Fla. 1991).

Although the forms are part of these rules, they are not all inclusive and additional forms, as necessary, should be taken from the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure as provided in Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. Also, the following notice has been included to strongly encourage individuals to seek the advice, when needed, of an attorney who is a member in good standing of the Florida Bar.

**1997 Amendment.** In 1997, the Florida Family Law Forms were completely revised to simplify and correct the forms. Additionally, the appendices were eliminated, the instructions contained in the appendices were incorporated into the forms, and the introduction following the Notice to Parties was created. Minor changes were also made to the Notice to Parties set forth below.

## NOTICE TO PARTIES WHO ARE NOT REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY WHO IS A MEMBER IN GOOD STANDING OF THE FLORIDA BAR

If you have questions or concerns about these forms, instructions, commentary, the use of the forms, or your legal rights, it is strongly recommended that you talk to an attorney. If you do not know an attorney, you should call the lawyer referral service listed in the yellow pages of the telephone book under "Attorney." If you do not have the money to hire an attorney, you should call the legal aid office in your area.

Because the law does change, the forms and information about them may have become outdated. You should be aware that changes may have taken place in the law or court rules that would affect the accuracy of the forms or instructions.

In no event will the Florida Supreme Court, The Florida Bar, or anyone contributing to the production of these forms or instructions be liable for any direct, indirect, or consequential damages resulting from their use.

#### **FAMILY LAW PROCEDURES**

**Filing a case.** A case begins with the filing of a <u>petition</u>. A petition is a written request to the court for some type of legal action. The person who originally asks for legal action is called the <u>petitioner</u> and remains the petitioner throughout the case.

A petition is given to the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u>, whose office is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse. A case number is assigned and an official court file is opened. Delivering the petition to the clerk's office is called <u>filing</u> a case. A <u>filing fee</u> is usually required.

Once a case has been filed, a copy must be given to (served on) the respondent. The person against whom the original legal action is being requested is called the <u>respondent</u>, because he or she is expected to respond to the petition. The respondent remains the respondent throughout the case.

Service. When one party files a <u>petition</u>, <u>motion</u>, or other <u>pleading</u>, the other party must be "served" with a copy of the document. This means that the other party is given proper notice of the pending action(s) and any scheduled hearings. <u>Personal service</u> of the petition and summons on the respondent by a deputy sheriff or private process server is required in all <u>original petitions</u> and <u>supplemental petitions</u>, unless <u>constructive service</u> is permitted by law. Personal service may also be required in other actions by some judges. After initial service of the original or supplemental petition and summons by a deputy sheriff or private process server, service of most motions and other documents or papers filed in the case generally may be made by regular U.S. mail, or hand delivery. However, service by

<u>certified mail</u> is required at other times so you have proof that the other party actually received the papers. The instructions with each form will advise you of the type of <u>service</u> required for that form. If the other party is represented by an attorney, you should serve the attorney and send a copy to the other party, except for original or supplemental petitions, which must be personally served on the respondent.

Other than the original or supplemental petitions, any time you file additional pleadings or motions in your case, you must provide a copy to the other party and include a <u>certificate of service</u>. Likewise, the other party must provide you with copies of everything that he or she files. Service of additional documents is usually completed by U.S. mail. For more information, see the instructions for **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914.

Forms for service of process are included in the Florida Family Law Forms, along with more detailed instructions and information regarding service. The instructions to those forms should be read carefully to ensure that you have the other party properly served. If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case.

Note: If you absolutely do not know where the other party to your case lives or if the other party resides in another state, you may be able to use <u>constructive service</u>. However, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief, which cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on constructive service, see Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and Affidavit of Diligent Search, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c)... Additionally, if the other party is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

<u>Default...</u> After being served with a petition or <u>counterpetition</u>, the other party has 20 days to file a response. If a response to a petition is not filed, the petitioner may file a <u>Motion for Default</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk. This means that you may proceed with your case and set a <u>final hearing</u>, and a <u>judge</u> will make a decision, even if the other party will not cooperate. For more information, see rule 12.080(c), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

Answer and Counterpetition... After being served, the respondent has 20 days to file an answer admitting or denying each of the allegations contained in the petition. In addition to an answer, the respondent may also file a counterpetition. In a counterpetition, the respondent may request the same or some other relief or action not requested by the petitioner. If the respondent files a counterpetition, the petitioner should then file an Answer to Counterpetition, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d), and either admit or deny the allegations in the respondent's counterpetition.

Mandatory disclosure... Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires each party in a dissolution of marriage to exchange certain information and documents, and file a Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Failure to make this required disclosure within the time required by the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure may allow the court to

dismiss the case or to refuse to consider the pleadings of the party failing to comply. This requirement also must be met in other family law cases, except adoptions, simplified dissolutions of marriage, enforcement proceedings, contempt proceedings, and proceedings for injunctions for domestic or repeat violence. The Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932, lists the documents that must be given to the other party. For more information see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, and the instructions to the Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932.

Parenting Plan. If your case involves minor or dependent child(ren), a Parenting Plan shall be approved or established by the court. Parenting Plan, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form, 12.995(a); Safety-Focused Parenting Plan, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(b), or Relocation/Long Distance Parenting Plan, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(c). The Parenting Plan shall be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by a court. If the parents cannot agree, or if the agreed Parenting Plan is not approved, the court must establish a Parenting Plan. The Parenting Plan shall contain a time-sharing schedule and should address the issues regarding the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being.

Setting a hearing or trial. Generally, the court will have hearings on motions, final hearings on uncontested or default cases, and trials on contested cases. Before setting your case for final hearing or trial, certain requirements such as completing mandatory disclosure and filing certain papers and having them served on the other party must be met. These requirements vary depending on the type of case and the procedures in your particular jurisdiction. For further information, you should refer to the instructions for the type of form you are filing.

Next, you must obtain a hearing or trial date so that the court may consider your request. You should ask the clerk of court, or <u>family law intake staff</u> about the local procedure for setting a hearing or trial, which you should attend. These family law forms contain <u>orders</u> and <u>final judgments</u>, which the judge may use. You should ask the clerk of court or family law intake staff if you need to bring one of these forms with you to the hearing or trial. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

Below are explanations of symbols or parts of different family law forms...

{specify}, {date}, {name(s)}, {street}, {city}, {st	ate}, {phone}
Throughout these forms, you will find hints such as those above. blank(s).	These tell you what to put in the
[one only] [all that apply]	
These show how many choices you should check. Sometimes you may	ay check only one, while other times
you may check several choices. ( ) This also shows an area where	you must make a choice. Check the
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Some forms require that your signature be witnessed. You must sign the form in the presence of a <u>notary public</u> or deputy clerk (employee of the clerk of the court's office). When signing the form, you must have a valid photo identification unless the notary knows you personally. You should completely fill in all lines (1 & 3–8) except 2 with the requested information, if applicable. Line 2, the signature line, must be signed in the presence of the <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>.

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IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OU [fill in all blanks] This form was prepared This form was completed with the assist {name of individual } (1) {name of business} (2)	d for the	e: {either Peti	tioner or R	espondent;	or Husband or Wife}
{name of individual } (1) {name of business} (2) {address} (3) {city} (4) {state}		(5), {telepho	one numbe	r}_(6)	
This section should be completed by any who is a member in good standing of The practice law in Florida.	yone wł ne Florid	no helps you i la Bar, which	fill out the means tha	se forms bu at he or she	t is <b>not</b> an attorney is not licensed to
Line 1 The <u>nonlawyer</u> who hel	lps you	should type o	or print his	or her nam	e on line 1.

In addition, a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), should be completed if a nonlawyer assists you. The disclosure is available as a family law form and should be completed before the nonlawyer helps you. This is to be sure that you understand the role and limitations of a nonlawyer. You and the nonlawyer should keep a copy of this disclosure for your records.

number) should be typed or printed on lines 2-6.

The nonlawyer's business name, address, (including street, city, state, and telephone

Lines 2-6

### IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FOURTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR WASHINGTON COUNTY, FLORIDA

	Petitioner,			
vs	•	٠.	Case:	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		e.	
	Respondent.	2		

#### STANDING TEMPORARY FAMILY LAW COURT ORDER

Pursuant to Administrative Order, 2015-06-01, this order applies to both parties in original actions of dissolution of marriage, as well as actions for alimony, paternity determination, parental responsibility and timesharing, and any supplemental proceeding related thereto, and is necessary for the efficient and proper administration of justice.

- 1. PARENTING COURSE: If the parties have minor children, each party is required to attend and successfully complete a parent education and family stabilization course as required by Florida law (Florida Statutes 61.21). A list of approved providers may be obtained from the Clerk of Court. All parties must file a copy of their certificate of completion with the court. Completion of this course is mandatory.
- 2. NO RELOCATION OF THE CHILDREN: In accord with Florida Statute 61.13001, neither party may permanently remove, cause to be removed, permit the removal of any minor children of the parties from their current residence without written agreement of both parents or an Order of this court. Neither party may change a child's customary school district or daycare arrangement without the written agreement of both parties, or an Order of this Court.
- 3. PARENTING: The safety, financial security, and well-being of the minor children involved in this case are the Courts' primary concern. It is the law, except in certain rare circumstances, that both parents will share parental responsibility for all minor children involved in this case. The law requires parents to share the minor children's time and to participate together in making all important decisions concerning the minor children. If the parents choose to live apart while this action is pending, both parents must assist the minor children in having personal, telephonic, and written contact with the other party. This provision does not apply if a Court Order to the contrary has been entered.
- 4. <u>FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE</u>: Pursuant to Rule 12.285(b), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, each party must file a Family Law Financial Affidavit (form 12.902 (b) or (c)) with the Clerk of Court, ten (10) days prior to the first hearing where financial relief is sought by either party, or ten (10) days prior to a Case Management Conference, whichever is first.
- 5. <u>DISPOSTION OF ASSETS/ACCOUNTING:</u> Neither party may sell, transfer, encumber, conceal, assign, remove, or in any way dispose of any property, individually or jointly held by the parties, without the written consent of the other party, or without an order of the Court, except in the usual course of business, or for customary and usual household expenses. Neither party may conceal, hoard or waste jointly owned funds, whether in the form of cash, bank accounts, or other liquid

assets. The use of funds or income after separation must be accounted for and justified as reasonable for the necessities of the party or to preserve marital assets or pay martial debt. Both parties are accountable for all money and property in their possession during the marriage and after separation.

- 6. ADDITIONAL DEBT: Neither party shall incur any unreasonable debts, including, but not limited to, further borrowing against a credit line secured by a family residence, further encumbering any assets, nor unreasonable use of credit/bank cards or cash advances against said cards, except by written consent of the parties or order of this court. The parties are urged to temporarily stop using joint credit cards except for absolute necessities and only as a last resort. Joint credit cards should only be used for the necessities of life and any party using a joint credit card after separation must be prepared to justify all charges as reasonable and necessary.
- 7. PERSONAL AND BUSINESS RECORDS/INSURANCE: Neither party may directly or indirectly conceal from the other or destroy any family records, business records or any records of income, debt, or other obligations. Any insurance policies in effect at the time of the filing of the Petition herein was filed may not be terminated, allowed to lapse, concealed, modified, borrowed against, pledged or otherwise encumbered by either of the parties or at the direction of either party. All insurance policies of every kind (to include life, medical, dental and hospital and vehicle, homeowner's and all others) may not be changed and shall remain in full force and effect except by written agreement of the parties or order of the court. The parties shall continue to pay all premiums on a timely basis unless there is a written consent of both parties or an Order of the Court.
- 8. <u>CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCES:</u> Throughout the pendency of this case, the parties shall be required to attend periodic case management conferences to address the status of the case with the Court. Please note that the Court requires the personal attendance of all parties and attorneys at all court-set case management conferences, unless the parties have filed a Stipulated Case Management Plan and Order prior to a court-scheduled case management conference.
- 9. <u>MEDIATION</u>: Per Circuit Administrative Order 2014-00-07, mediation is encouraged early in the proceedings and the first mediation conference shall take place within sixty (60) days of the order directing compliance.
- 10. <u>SERVICE AND APPLICATION OF THIS ORDER</u>: The Clerk of Court shall docket and provide each Petitioner with a copy of this Order. The Petitioner shall serve a copy of this Order with the Petition. The terms of this Order are effective with regard to the Petitioner upon filling of the Petition. The terms of this Order are effective with regard to the Respondent upon service of the Summons and Petition, or upon waiver and acceptance of service. The terms of this Order will remain in place during the pendency of this action unless modified, terminated or amended by further Order of the Court. This entire Order will terminate once a final judgment is entered or the cause is dismissed.

DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers at Chipley, Florida, this 15 day of April, 2015.

CHRISTOPHER N. PATTERSON Circuit Judge

#### **INFORMATION SHEET (**MUST BE COMPLETED**)**

#### HUSBAND

FIRST NAME:
MIDDLE:
LAST:
DATE OF BIRTH: / / /
SOCIAL SECURITY #:
ADDRESS:
COUNTY OF RESIDENCE:
PHONE NUMBER:
WIFE
FIRST NAME:
MIDDLE:
AST:
DATE OF BIRTH: / /
SOCIAL SECURITY #:
ADDRESS:
·
COUNTY OF RESIDENCE:
PHONE NUMBER:
DATE OF MARRIAGE:
CITY, STATE, COUNTY OF MARRIAGE:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NUMBER OF CHILDREN BORN OF THIS MARRIAGE:
JUMBER OF CHILDREN BORN OF THIS MARRIAGE CURRENTLY LINDER THE AGE OF 19.

#### FAMILY LAW GLOSSARY OF COMMON TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Note: The following definitions are intended to be helpful, BUT they are not intended to constitute legal advice or address every possible meaning of the term(s) contained in this glossary.

Affidavit - a written statement in which the facts stated are sworn or affirmed to be true.

Alimony-spousal support which may be ordered by the court in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage. Types of alimony include: bridge-the-gap, durational, rehabilitative, or retroactive, and may be either temporary or permanent. The court may order periodic payments, payment in lump sum, or both. In determining whether to award alimony, the court must determine whether either party has an actual need for alimony and whether the other party has the ability to pay. The court must consider the factors set forth in section 61.08, Florida Statutes, and must make certain written findings. An alimony award may not leave the paying party with significantly less net income than that of the receiving party without written findings of exceptional circumstances.

Answer - written response by a respondent that states whether he or she admits (agrees with) or denies (disagrees with) the allegations in the petition. Any allegations not specifically denied are considered to be admitted.

**Appeal** - asking a district court of appeal to review the decision in your case. There are strict procedural and time requirements for filing an appeal.

Asset - everything owned by you or your spouse, including property, cars, furniture, bank accounts, jewelry, life insurance policies, businesses, or retirement plans. An asset may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Attorney - a person with special education and training in the field of law who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar and licensed to practice law in Florida. An attorney is the only person who is allowed to give you legal advice. An attorney may file your case and represent you in court, or just advise you of your rights before you file your own case. In addition to advising you of your rights, an attorney may tell you what to expect and help prepare you for court. In family law matters, you are not entitled to a court-appointed lawyer, like a public defender in a criminal case. However, legal assistance is often available for those who are unable to hire a private attorney. You may consult the yellow pages of the telephone directory for a listing of legal aid or lawyer referral services in your area, or ask your local clerk of court or family law intake staff what services are available in your area. You may also obtain information from the Florida Supreme Court's Internet site located at http://www.flcourts.org.

**Bond** - money paid to the clerk of court by one party in a case, to be held and paid to an enjoined party in the event that the first party causes loss or damage of property as a result of wrongfully enjoining the other party.

Beneficiary Designation-Florida law provides that a beneficiary designation made by or on behalf of a party providing for the payment or transference of an asset or benefit upon his or her death to the other spouse is void when the final judgment dissolving or declaring a marriage invalid is signed, unless the final judgment specifically states otherwise. Federal law and other statutory provisions may also apply. This includes, but is not limited to, such assets as life insurance policies, annuities, employee benefit plans, individual retirement accounts, and payable-on-death accounts. Whether or not to continue a beneficiary designation is a complex area of the law and you may wish to consult with an attorney.

Bridge-the-Gap Alimony-spousal support which is ordered to assist a party to make the transition from being married to being single. Bridge-the-Gap alimony is designed to assist a party with legitimate, identifiable short-time needs; its length cannot exceed two years and it cannot be modified.

**Central Depository**-the office of the clerk of court that is responsible for collecting and disbursing court ordered alimony and child support payments. The depository also keeps payment records and files judgments if support is not paid.

Certificate of Service - a document that must be filed whenever a form you are using does not contain a statement for you to fill in showing to whom you are sending copies of the form. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914 is the certificate of service form and contains additional instructions.

**Certified Copy** - a copy of an order or final judgment, certified by the clerk of the circuit court to be an authentic copy.

Certified Mail - mail which requires the receiving party to sign as proof that they received it.

**Child Support** - money paid from one parent to the other for the benefit of their dependent or minor child(ren).

Clerk of the Circuit Court - elected official in whose office papers are filed, a case number is assigned, and case files are maintained. The clerk's office usually is located in the county courthouse.

Concurrent Custody-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) means that an eligible extended family member is awarded custodial rights to care for a child or children concurrently with the child(ren)'s parent or parents.

Constructive Service - notification of the other party by newspaper publication or posting of notice at designated places when the other party cannot be located for personal service. You may also be able to use constructive service when the other party lives in another state. Constructive service is also called "service by publication." However, when constructive service is used, the relief the Court may grant is limited; that relief cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on service, see the instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Forms 12.910(a) and 12.913(b) and Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a).

Contested Issues - any or all issues upon which the parties are unable to agree and which must be resolved by the judge at a hearing or trial.

Contingent Asset - an asset that you may receive or get later, such as income, tax refund, accrued vacation or sick leave, a bonus, or an inheritance.

**Contingent Liability** - a liability that you may owe later, such as payments for lawsuits, unpaid taxes, or debts that you have agreed or guaranteed to pay if someone else does not.

**Counterpetition** - a written request to the court for legal action, which is filed by a respondent after being served with a petition.

Custody Order – a judgment or order incorporating a Parenting Plan is a child custody determination for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 11601 et seq., the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act, and the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction enacted at the Hague on October 25, 1980.

**Default** - a failure of a party to respond to the pleading of another party. This failure to respond may allow the court to decide the case without input from the party who did not appear or respond.

**Delinquent** - late.

Dependent Child(ren) - child(ren) who depend on their parent(s) for support either because they are under the age of 18, have a mental or physical disability that prevents them from supporting themselves, or are in high school, between the ages of 18 and 19, and performing in good faith with a reasonable expectation of graduation before the age of 19.

**Deputy Clerk** - an employee of the office of the clerk of court, which is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse.

Dissolution of Marriage - divorce; a court action to end a marriage.

**Durational Alimony**-spousal support which is ordered to provide economic assistance for a set period of time following a marriage of short or moderate duration or following a marriage of long duration if there is no ongoing need for support on a permanent basis. Durational alimony terminates upon the death of either party or upon remarriage of the party receiving support. It may be modified or terminated , but cannot exceed the length of a marriage.

Electronic Communication – Contact, other than face-to-face contact, facilitated by tools such as telephones, electronic mail or email, webcams, video-conferencing equipment and software or other wired or wireless technologies, or other means of communication to supplement fact-to face contact between a parent and that parent's minor child.

Enjoined - prohibited by the court from doing a specific act.

**Ex Parte** - communication with the judge by only one party. In order for a judge to speak with either party, the other party must have been properly notified and have an opportunity to be heard. If you have something you wish to tell the judge, you should ask for a hearing or file information in the clerk of court's office, with certification that a copy was sent to the other party.

**Extended Family**-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) is a person who is either:

- 1) A relative of a minor child within the third degree by blood or marriage to the parent; OR
- 2) The stepparent of a minor child if the stepparent is currently married to the parent of the child and is not a party in a pending dissolution, separate maintenance, domestic violence, or other civil or criminal proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction involving one or both of the child's parents as an adverse party.

Family Law Intake Staff - a court's employee(s) who is (are) available to assist you in filing a family law case. Family law intake staff are not attorneys and cannot give legal advice. They may only assist you with filling out the form(s). Your local clerk's office can tell you if your county has such assistance available.

Filing - delivering a petition, response, motion, or other pleading in a court case to the clerk of court's office.

Filing Fee - an amount of money, set by law, that the petitioner must pay when filing a case. If you cannot afford to pay the fee, you must file an **Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status**, to ask the clerk to file your case without payment of the fee. This form can be obtained from the clerk's office.

Final Hearing - trial in your case.

Financial Affidavit - a sworn statement that contains information regarding your income, expenses, assets, and liabilities.

**Final Judgment** - a written document signed by a judge and recorded in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision in your case.

Guardian ad Litem - a neutral person who may be appointed by the court to evaluate or investigate your child's situation, and file a report with the court about what is in the best interests of your child(ren). Guardians do not "work for" either party. The guardian may interview the parties, visit their homes,

visit the child(ren)'s school(s) and speak with teachers, or use other resources to make their recommendation.

**Hearing** - a legal proceeding before a judge or designated officer (general magistrate or hearing officer) on a motion.

Health Insurance-coverage under a fee-for-service arrangement, health care maintenance organization, or preferred provider organization, and other types of coverage available to either parent, under which medical services could be provided to a minor or dependent child.

Judge - an elected official who is responsible for deciding matters on which you and the other parties in your case are unable to agree. A judge is a neutral person who is responsible for ensuring that your case is resolved in a manner which is fair, equitable, and legal. A judge is prohibited by law from giving you or the other party any legal advice, recommendations, or other assistance, and may not talk to either party unless both parties are present, represented, or at a properly scheduled hearing.

Judicial Assistant - the judge's personal staff assistant.

**Liabilities** - everything owed by you or your spouse, including mortgages, credit cards, or car loans. A liability may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

**Lump Sum Alimony** - money ordered to be paid by one spouse to another in a limited number of payments, often a single payment.

Mandatory Disclosure - items that must be disclosed by both parties except those exempted from disclosure by Florida Family Law Rule 12.285.

Marital Asset - generally, anything that you and/or your spouse acquired or received (by gift or purchase) during the marriage. For example, something you owned before your marriage may be nonmarital. An asset may only be determined to be marital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Marital Liability - generally, any debt that you and/or your spouse incurred during the marriage. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Mediator - a person who is trained and certified to assist parties in reaching an agreement before going to court. Mediators do not take either party's side and are not allowed to give legal advice. They are only responsible for helping the parties reach an agreement and putting that agreement into writing. In some areas, mediation of certain family law cases may be required before going to court.

Modification - a change made by the court in an order or final judgment.

Motion - a request made to the court, other than a petition.

**No Contact** - a court order directing a party not speak to, call, send mail to, visit, or go near his or her spouse, ex-spouse, child(ren), or other family member.

Nonlawyer - a person who is not a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.

Nonmarital Asset - generally, anything owned separately by you or your spouse. An asset may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

**Nonmarital Liability** - generally, any debt that you or your spouse incurred before your marriage or since your separation. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonparty - a person who is not the petitioner or respondent in a court case.

Notary Public - a person authorized to witness signatures on court related forms.

Obligee - a person to whom money, such as child support or alimony, is owed.

Obligor - a person who is ordered by the court to pay money, such as child support or alimony.

Order - a written decision, signed by a judge and filed in the clerk of the circuit court's office, that contains the judge's decision on part of your case, usually on a motion.

Original Petition - see Petition.

Parenting Course - a class that teaches parents how to help their child(ren) cope with divorce and other family issues.

Parenting Plan — a document created to govern the relationship between the parents relating to the decisions that must be made regarding the minor child(ren). The Parenting Plan must contain a time-sharing schedule for the parents and child(ren) and shall address the issues concerning the minor child(ren). The issues concerning the minor child(ren) may include, but are not limited to, the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being. In creating the Plan, all circumstances between the parents, including their historic relationship, domestic violence, and other factors must be taken into consideration. The Parenting Plan must be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by the court. If the parents cannot agree to a Parenting Plan, or if the parents agreed to a plan that is not approved by the court, a Parenting Plan will be established by the court with or without the use of parenting plan recommendations.

Parenting Plan Recommendation — A nonbinding recommendation concerning one or more elements of a Parenting Plan made by a court-appointed mental health practitioner or other professional designated pursuant to either section 61.20 or 61.401, Florida Statutes, or Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.363.

**Party** - a person involved in a court case, either as a petitioner or respondent.

Paternity Action - A lawsuit used to determine whether a designated individual is the father of a specific child or children.

Payor - an employer or other person who provides income to an obligor.

Permanent Alimony - spousal support ordered to provide for the needs and necessities of life as they were established during the marriage for a party who lacks the financial ability to meet his or her needs and necessities after dissolution of marriage. Permanent alimony is paid at a specified, periodic rate until: modification by a court order; the death of either party; or the remarriage of the party receiving alimony, whichever occurs first. Permanent alimony requires consideration of the factors set forth in section 61.08(2), Florida Statutes, and must include certain written findings by the court.

**Personal Service** - when a summons and a copy of a petition (or other pleading) that has been filed with the court are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server to the other party. Personal service is required for all petitions and supplemental petitions.

Petition - a written request to the court for legal action, which begins a court case.

Petitioner - the person who files a petition that begins a court case.

Pleading - a formal, written statement of exactly what a party wants the court to do in a lawsuit or court action.

**Pro Se or Self-Represented Litigant** - a person who appears in court without the assistance of a lawyer.

Pro Se Coordinator - see Family Law Intake Staff.

Rehabilitative Alimony - spousal support ordered to be paid for a limited period of time to allow one of the parties an opportunity to complete a plan of education or training, according to a rehabilitative plan accepted by the court, so that he or she may better support himself or herself after dissolution of marriage.

**Relocation**- a change in the location of the principal residence of a parent or other person in accordance with section 61.13001, Florida Statutes.

Respondent - the person who is served with a petition requesting some legal action against him or her.

General Information for Self-Represented Litigants (09/13)

Scientific Paternity Testing - a medical test to determine who the father of a child is.

**Service** - the delivery of legal documents to a party. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Shared Parental Responsibility - an arrangement under which both parents have full parental rights and responsibilities for their child(ren), and the parents make major decisions affecting the welfare of the child(ren) jointly. Shared Parental Responsibility is presumptive in Florida.

Sole Parental Responsibility - a parenting arrangement under which the responsibility for the minor child(ren) is given to one parent by the court, with or without rights of time-sharing to the other parent.

State Disbursement Unit- the unit established and operated by the Title IV-D agency to provide one central address for the collection and disbursement of child support payments made in both Department of Revenue and non-Department of Revenue cases, in which the obligation is paid through an income deduction order.

Supervised Time-Sharing- a parenting arrangement under which time-sharing between a parent and his or her child(ren) is supervised by either a friend, family member, or a supervised visitation center.

Supplemental Petition - a petition that may be filed by either party after the judge has made a decision in a case and a final judgment or order has been entered. For example, a supplemental petition may be used to request that the court modify the previously entered final judgment or order.

Supportive Relationship-a relationship, defined in section 61.14(1)(b)1, Florida Statutes, existing between a spouse who receives alimony and a person with whom that spouse resides.

Time-Sharing Schedule — a timetable that must be included in the Parenting Plan that specifies the time, including overnights and holidays, that a minor child or children will spend with each parent. The time-sharing schedule shall either be developed and agreed to by the parents of a minor child or children and is approved by the court, or established by the court if the parents cannot agree, or if their agreed-upon schedule is not approved by the court.

Trial - the final hearing in a contested case.

**Uncontested** - any and all issues on which the parties are able to agree and which are part of a marital settlement agreement.

	IN AND FOR COUNTY, FLORIDA
IN RE:	: THE MARRIAGE OF
	Petitioner,
and	Case No Division:
	Respondent.
	FINAL JUDGMENT OF ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE
	This action was heard before the Court. On the evidence presented.
	IT IS ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that:
	1. The Court has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter.
	2. The purported marriage between the Petitioner, and th Respondent,, is declared null and void.
	3. There are no children, property or debts of the parties.
	4. The Petitioner's former name is restored to
•	5. Each party shall bear its own costs and fees.
	DONE AND ORDERED this day of, 20
	CIRCUIT JUDGE
	Copies Furnished to: Petitioner

Respondent

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FOURTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT